

Recap - Nov 7, 2018

Definition. The ringed space (X, \mathcal{O}_X) is a locally ringed space if for each $x \in X$, the stalk $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$ is a local ring. We define the residue field of x to be the field $k(x) := \mathcal{O}_{X,x}/m_{X,x}$, where $m_{X,x}$ is the maximal ideal of $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$.

Example. $X = \text{Spec } R$ is a locally ringed space. $\mathcal{O}_{X,p} = R_p$.

Definition. A morphism of ringed spaces from (Y, \mathcal{O}_Y) to (X, \mathcal{O}_X) is a pair $(\pi, \pi^\#)$ of a continuous map $\pi : Y \rightarrow X$ and a map $\pi^\# : \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \pi_* \mathcal{O}_Y$ of sheaves of rings on X such that for each $x \in X$ the induced map of local rings $\pi_x^\# : \mathcal{O}_{X,\pi(x)} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{Y,y}$ is a local homomorphism of local rings.

Proposition. Let R be a ring, $X = \text{Spec } R$ and Y be a pre-variety. Then given a map of pre-schemes $\pi : Y \rightarrow X$ is the same as giving a compatible ring homomorphism $R \rightarrow \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_Y)$.

Corollary.

$$\{\text{affine schemes}\} \cong \{\text{rings}\}$$

$$\text{Hom}(\text{Spec } S, \text{Spec } R) = \text{Hom}(R, S)$$

Definition. Let Z be a fixed pre-scheme. A pre-scheme over Z is a pre-scheme X , together with a morphism $X \rightarrow Z$. If X and Y are pre-schemes over Z , a morphism of X to Y as pre-schemes over Z is a morphism which is compatible with the given morphisms to Z .

Corollary. Every pre-scheme live over $\text{Spec } Z$.

Let $U \subset X$. Try to define

$$\Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_X) = \{\varphi : U \rightarrow \prod_{p \in U} k(p) \text{ with } \varphi(p) \in k(p) \text{ and } U = \cup X_{g_\alpha}, s_\alpha \in R_{g_\alpha},$$

$$\varphi(Q) = \text{image of } s_\alpha \text{ in } k(Q) \ \forall s_\alpha \in Q\}$$

Exercise. Show this works if R is reduced.